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Evaluation of muscle calcium regulation in recurrent exertional rhabdomyolysis using a cell culture model derived from equine skin

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Background

- Exertional rhabdomyolysis, aka "tying up" and "Setfast" is a painful muscle condition that affects approximately 5% of Thoroughbred racehorses.
- The mechanism that leads to muscle cell damage is not understood.
- Improved understanding may help lead to the disease's cause and improved treatments.

Reasons for the study

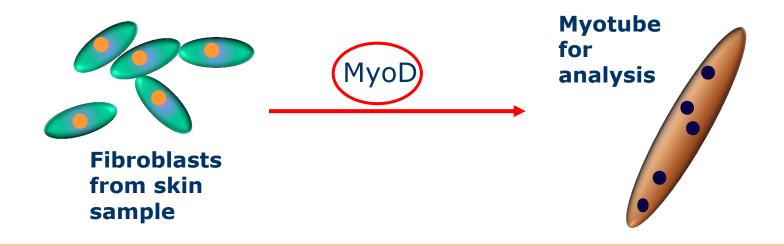


- To evaluate a potential mechanism that may account for tying up in Thoroughbred racehorses.
- To investigate the mechanism by which a commonly administered drug (dantrolene) may work.
- To generate a bank of cells that can be used for future research thereby avoiding need for further animal experimentation.



What we did

 Using genetic engineering in the laboratory, we converted horse skin cells from a small biopsy into muscle cells and studied the cells' calcium regulation.





What we found

- We found no differences in the way calcium was handled in horses that tie-up.
- We showed that dantrolene lowers the resting calcium concentration inside a horse muscle cell, which may account for its efficacy.

Conclusions and potential relevance to the Thoroughbred



- Future research on the cause of tying up should concentrate on alternative mechanisms.
- This cellular model is applicable to a wide range of experiments looking for the causes of tying up.
- We have generated a bank of cells that can be used for these purposes.



Scientist's Summary

- In this project we sought to determine whether exertional rhabdomyolysis in Thoroughbred racehorses is similar to a disease in humans and other species, known as malignant hyperthermia.
- In particular, we collected skin samples from Thoroughbred horses with and without a susceptibility to tying up. From these samples we cultured cells that were converted to muscle cells in the laboratory.



Scientist's Summary

- We were then able directly to evaluate the manner in which calcium was controlled inside a living muscle cell from each horse.
- We demonstrated defects in calcium handling in cells derived from human and equine patients with a known calcium handling defect (malignant hyperthermia), but found no such similar defect in horses that tie-up.



Scientist's Summary

- This means that it is most likely that an alternative explanation accounts for the reason that Thoroughbred horses tie up.
- Dantrolene is a commonly-used drug for treating tying up. In related studies, we have demonstrated the likely mechanism by which this medication works.