Horserace Betting Levy Board Parnell House 25 Wilton Road London, SW1V 1LW Tel: 020 7333 0043 Fax: 020 7333 0041 Web: www.hblb.org.uk Email: equine.grants@hblb.org.uk



HBLB research leads the field in Equine Veterinary Journal

EVJ and the HBLB

- A research study funded by the Horserace Betting Levy Board (HBLB) has had the highest number of downloads from Equine Veterinary Journal (EVJ) for 2012.
- This scientific journal is the world leader for equine veterinary sciences and overall around 10% of the research studies it publishes are funded by the HBLB.
- This shows the consistent contribution HBLB makes towards science that will improve the health and well-being of the thoroughbred.





Volume 44 · Supplement 42 · September 201:

ISSN 0425 1644

A journal of the British Equine Veterinary Association View this journal online at wileyonlinelibrary.com/journal/evj www.evi.co.uk

> Equine Veterinary Journal

Clinical Research Abstracts **BEVA 2012**

WILEY-BLACKWELL





Equine Veterinary Journal ISSN 0425-1644 DOI: 10.1111/j.2042-3306.2011.00363.x

Implantation of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells demonstrates improved outcome in horses with overstrain injury of the superficial digital flexor tendon

E. E. GODWIN, N. J. YOUNG, J. DUDHIA, I. C. BEAMISH and R. K. W. SMITH*

Department of Veterinary Clinical Sciences, The Royal Veterinary College, Hatfield, UK.

*Corresponding author email: rksmith@rvc.ac.uk. Present addresses: N.J. Young, Biotherapeutics National Institute for Biological Standards and Control, Blanche Lane, South Mimms, Herts EN6 3QG, UK. I.C. Beamish, Baker and McVeigh Equine Hospital, Summerveld, Hillcrest, Durban, Kwa-Zulu Natal, 3650, South Africa.; Received: 21.07.10; Accepted: 13.12.10

[Corrections added after online publication 4 November 2011]

Summary

Reasons for performing study: Mesenchymal stem (progenitor; stromal) cell (MSC) therapy has gained popularity for the treatment of equine tendon injuries but without reports of long-term follow-up.

Objectives: To evaluate the safety and reinjury rate of racehorses after intralesional MSC injection in a large study of naturally occurring superficial digital flexor tendinopathy and to compare these data with those published for other treatments.

Methods: Safety was assessed clinically, ultrasonographically, scintigraphically and histologically in a cohort of treated cases: 141 client-owned treated racehorses followed-up for a minimum of 2 years after return to full work. Reinjury percentages were compared to 2 published studies of other treatments with similar selection criteria and follow-up. The number of race starts, discipline, age, number of MSCs injected and interval between injury and treatment. were analysed.

Results: There were no adverse effects of the treatment with no aberrant tissue on histological examination. The reinjury percentage of all racehorses with follow-up in = 113) undergoing MSC treatment was 27.4%, with the rate for flat (n = 8) and National Hunt (n = 105) racehorses being 50 and 25.7%, respectively. This was significantly less than published for National Hunt racehorses treated in other ways. No relationship between outcome and age, discipline, number of MSCs injected or injury to implantation interval was found.

Conclusions: Whilst recognising the limitations of historical controls, this study has shown that MPC implantation is safe and appears to reduce the reinjury rate after superficial digital flexor tendinopathy, especially in National Hunt racehorses.

Potential relevance: This study has provided evidence for the long-term efficacy of MSC treatment for tendinopathy in racehorses and provides support for translation to human tendon injuries.

Keywords: horse; mesenchymai; stem; progenitor; tendinopathy; superficial digital flexor tendon



FV1's most downloaded article in 2012 described work by Dr Godwin on outcomes following stem cell treatment in horses with tendon injuries



Findings

- There were no adverse effects of the treatment and the re-injury percentage for National Hunt (NH) racehorses was 25.7% which was significantly less than published for NH racehorses treated in other ways
- Dr Godwin concluded that the stem cell therapy is safe and appears to reduce the re-injury rate after superficial digital flexor tendinopathy, especially in NH racehorses



To read the full article click here

Stem cell tendon treatment study



- For more information and to read full details of the study go to
- <u>http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j</u>
 .2042-3306.2011.00363.x/full



EVJ Top 10

- Three other HBLB-related articles appeared in EVJ's top 10
- Professor Peter Clegg's state-ofthe-art reviews of Fractures and Fatalities, and Tendon and Ligament Injuries occupying positions 3 and 4;
- Celia Marr's synopsis of the HBLB's contribution to veterinary sciences over the last 50 years coming in at No. 6



Figures: a & b are both condylar fractures of the cannon bone, the most common fractures in racehorses (provided by Prof. P Clegg)

The HBLB review articles



- Both Professor Peter Clegg and Celia Marr's articles can be found at:
- <u>http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.10</u>
 <u>01/%28ISSN%292042-</u>
 <u>3306/homepage/hblb_virtual_issue.htm</u>